



Alzheimer's Disease Apolipoprotein Pathology for Treatment Elucidation and Development

María E. Sáez PhD

CAEBi, Centro Andaluz de Estudios Bioinformáticos Sevilla. Spain

on behalf of ADAPTED





Why ADAPTED?



- APOE4 remains the most prominent genetic risk factor for late onset AD
- It is still not clearly understood how APOE increases AD risk, not even by which pathway
 - Relatively little study has focussed on APOE
 - Many of the APOE studies were on how APOE fits into other hypotheses
- APOE is therefore not used or addressed as treatment option





Project Objectives



- Increased APOE understanding: Clarification of the role of APOE as a risk factor in the development of AD
 - unbiased
 - human focus
 - leveraging current technologies, e.g. large data sets, -omics, iPSC
- 2. Identification of promising entry points (targets) for the treatment of AD
- 3. Generation and validation of selected high value APOE-related model systems
- 4. Uncover the basic scientific evidence required to progress the development of a **stratified** approach





Project Specifics



Total budget, duration and current status

- Committed EFPIA in-kind contribution: € 3 million
- IMI-JU funding: € 3,5 million
- 3 year project: 1 Oct 2016 30 Sept 2019
- + 6 months extension 31 March 2020



Project Participants & Organization

- Project jointly led by
 - Fundació ACE (Institut Català de Neurociències Aplicades, Barcelona (coordinator)
 - AbbVie (leader)
- 3 EFPIA participants (AbbVie, Janssen and Biogen)
- 10 Academic/non-profit research organizations/SMEs
- 6 Countries (Belgium, Germany, Netherlands, Spain, UK, USA)
- 5 Work Packages

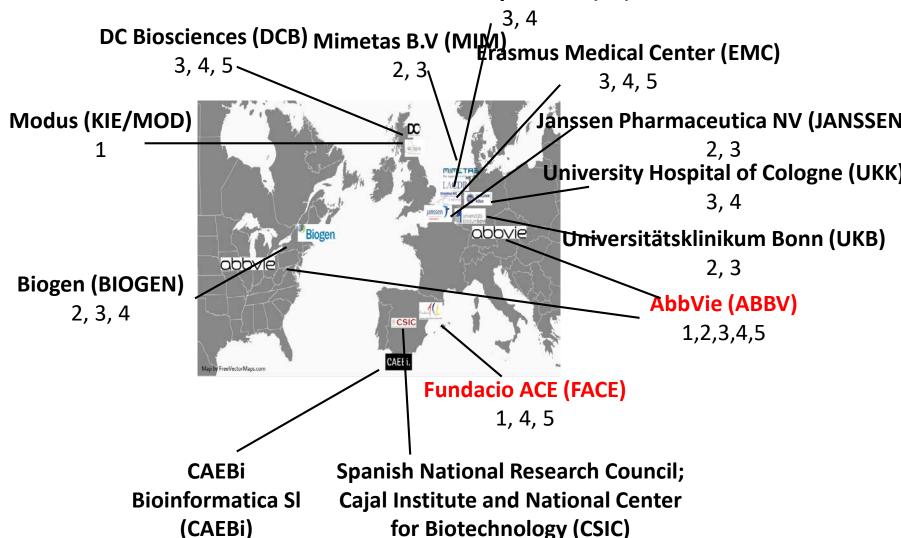




Consortium Members



University Leiden (UL)







Project Structure



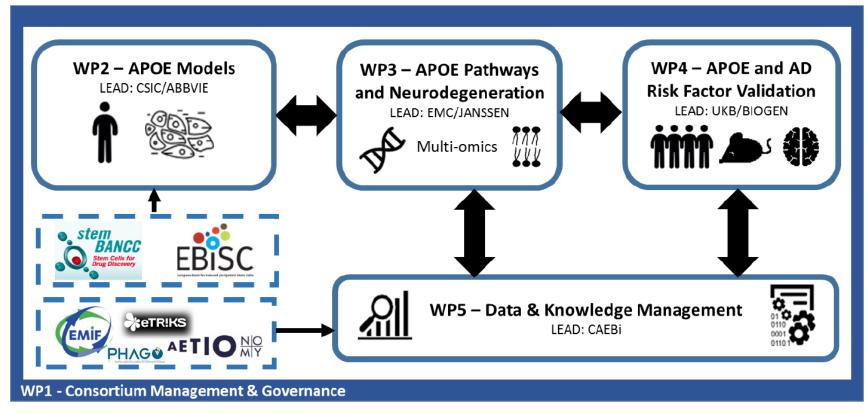


Figure 11 ADAPTED workflow diagram¹⁰⁹





Key Achievements



- Data storage and analysis platform.
- Jupyter
- SOPs for experimental procedures and data analysis.
- Compilation of multi-omics data from external repositories.
- Gene-edited iPSC lines generated (isogenic, E2, E3 or E4 alleles) and differentiated into different cell types (astrocytes, neurons, macrophages, microglia).
- Plasma and CSF samples from Controls/AD/MCI individuals collected.
- Compilation of multi-omics data from ADAPTED datasets (transcriptomics, methylomics, proteomics, metabolomics).
- Hypothesis about APOE generated (validation ongoing).





| | | | | | GWES | GWES | | | | | |
|------|------------|---|---------------|-------------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----|
| inr | Study ID | Study Title | Source | GWAS | (arrays) | (RNAseq) | Proteo. | Epigen. | NGS | Metab. | |
| | EX-ACT | AMP-AD Adult Change Thought | Synapse | | | | 65 | | | | |
| lini | EX-ADDN | AddNeuroMed | Synapse | 529 | 529 | | 433 | | | | • [|
| | | Alzheimer's Disease Genetics Consortium (ADGC) | | | | | | | | | ŀ١ |
| | EX-ADGC | Genome Wide Association Study | dbGap | 6065 | | | | 506 | | 811 | • • |
| | EX-ADNI | ADNI | LONI | 811 | 811 | | 811 | | | | |
| | EX-AGEC | AgeCoDe | UKB | 2191 | | | | | | | |
| | | Banner Sun Health Research Institute's Brain and Body | | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-BANN | Donation Program | Synapse | | | | 201 | | | | |
| | EX-BLSA | AMP-AD Baltimore Longitudinal Study on Aging | Synapse | | | | 35 | | | | |
| | EX-DCN | DCN | UKB | 600 | | | | | | | |
| | | Group Health/UW Aging and Dementia eMERGE Study | | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-EMERGE | (LOAD CIDR) | dbGap | 5729 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-EMOR | AMP-AD Emory ADRC Brain Bank (syn3218563) | Synapse | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-FACE | Fundacio ACE (GRACE) | FACE | 8000 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-GERAD | Genetic Risk for Late-onset Alzheimer's Disease | Cardiff U. | 13164 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-GNADA | Genotype-Phenotype Associations in Alzheimer's disease | dbGAaP | 1588 | | | | | | | |
| | EX- | Genetic control of human brain transcript expression in | | | | | | | | | |
| | GSE15222 | Alzheimer's disease. | NCBI GEO | | 286 | | | | | | |
| | EX- | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GSE48350 | Alzheimer's Disease Dataset | NCBI GEO | | 426 | | | | | | |
| | EX-GSE5281 | Alzheimer's disease and the normal aged brain | NCBI GEO | | 150 | | | | | | |
| | EX-HBTR | AMP-AD Harvard Brain Tissue Resource Center | Synapse | | 463 | | | | | | |
| | EX-MAYO | AMP-AD Mayo | Synapse | 434 | 166 | 374 | 115 | | | 45 | |
| | EX-MSBB | AMP-AD Mount Sinai | Synapse | | 125 | 233 | 266 | | 277 | | |
| | EX-NIA | National Institute of Aging | dbGap | 4561 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-NXC | Neocodex-Murcia | FACE/CAEBi | 1133 | | | | | | | |
| | EX- | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PXD00963 | Proteomics of Alzheimer's Disease mouse models | PRIDE | | | | 16 | | | | |
| | | AMP-AD Religious Orders Study and Memory and Aging | | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-ROSMAP | Project (ROS/MAP) Study | Synapse | 1047 | 495 | 649 | | 712 | | | |
| | EX-ROTT | The Rotterdam Study | EMC | 14926 | 900 | 900 | | 1526 | | | |
| | EX-TGEN | The Translational Genomics Research Institute | FACE | 1411 | | | | | | | |
| | | The Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities Study ApoE | | | | | | | | | |
| | EX-ARIC | stratified results | CHARGE | 8545 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-CHS | The Cardiovascular Health Study ApoE stratified results | CHARGE | 2020 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-FHS | The Framingham Heart Study ApoE stratified results | CHARGE | 3802 | | | | | | | |
| | EX-RS | The Rotterdam Study ApoE stratified results | CHARGE | 5523 | | | 316 | | | | |
| | EX- | A survey of human brain transcriptome diversity at the | | | | | | | | | |
| | GSE67835 | single cell level | NCBI GEO | | | 466 | | | | | |
| | EX- | | | | | | | | | | |
| | GSE102956 | Isogenic APOE3 and APOE4 human iPSC lines (Lin et al.) | NCBI GEO | | | 26 | | | | | |
| _ | TOTAL | | | 82079 | 4351 | 2648 | 2258 | 2744 | 277 | 856 | 10 |
| _ 4 | CILLI | DIDIECTUAD LECEIVED INHUHUN HOHI THE HIHOV | alive ivieuii | 7111G9 1111 | ualive 4 | JUILL UI | iucitaniii | a unuen e | uranı au | ECHICHLI | 4C) |



This project has received runding from the innovative inequalities initiative 2 300ft ordertaking drider grant agreement No 115975. This Joint Undertaking receives support from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations



ADAPTED datasets



| ID | Description | RNA | Methylation | Proteomics | Metabolomics |
|------------|---|-----|-------------|------------|--------------|
| IN-01-SCNA | iPSC derived neurons WS2 | | | | |
| IN-01-SCAS | iPSC derived astrocytes WS2 | | | | |
| IN-02-SCAS | iPSC derived astrocytes WS4 | | | | |
| IN-01-SCMA | iPSC derived macrophages WS2 | | | | |
| IN-02-SCMA | iPSC derived macrophages WS2 (activation assay) | | | | |
| IN-03-SCMA | iPSC derived macrophages WS4 | | | | |
| IN-04-SCMA | iPSC derived macrophages WS4 (activation assay) | | | | |
| IN-03-ADMO | Patient derived monocytes | | | | |
| IN-01-SCMI | iPSC derived microglia WS2 | | | | |
| IN-02-SCMI | iPSC derived microglia WS4 | | | | |
| IN-07-MICE | Humanised APOE mice models | | | | |
| IN-01-CSF | MCI patients (CSF) | | | | |
| IN-01-PLAS | MCI patients (Plasma) | | | | |



In progress



Finished

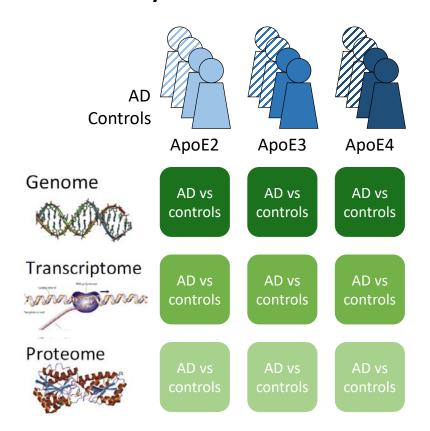




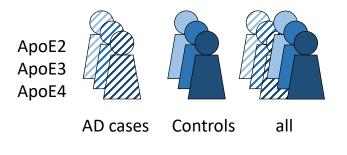
APOE stratified analysis and integration of human OMICS data



Differences by disease status



Differences by ApoE status:





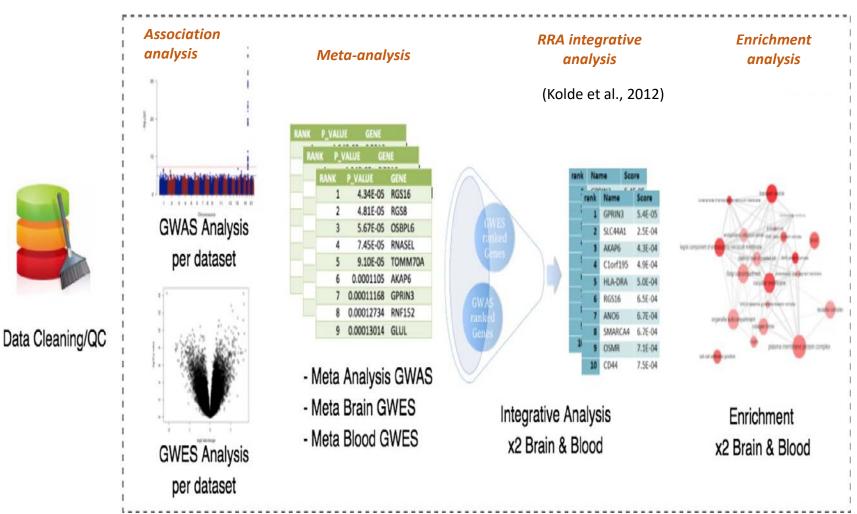
[Yugi et al (2016), Trends in Biotechnology]





ADAPTED analyses: Ranks generation









GWAS Stage I ADDN ADGC ADNI

Integrative analysis: workflow

₹

GNADA
NXC
MAYO
NIA
ROSMAP
TGEN
Stage II
ACE
GERAD
Stage III
ARIC
CHS

Genome wide case-control association analysis stratified by APOE haplotype (x15 datasets,x3 strata) (PLINK) Meta-analysis Stage I Stage II Stage III (METAL/PLINK)

Meta-analysis Stage I + II + III (PLINK)

Gene-wise estimates (MAGMA) RANKED gene list (p value) (x3 haplotypes)

GWES (blood) ADDN ADNI

FHS RS

Case-control differential expression analysis stratified by APO haplotype (x2 datasets, x3 strata)

(limma)

Meta-analysis (Fisher)

(metaDE)

RANKED gene list (p value) Blood RRA ranks (x3 haplotypes) E2, E3, E4 (RRA adjP)

GWES (cortex)

Stage I MAYO MSBB ROSMAP Stage II GSE15222 GSE48350 Case-control differential expression analysis stratified by APO haplotype (x5 datasets, x3 strata)

(limma)

Meta-analysis (Fisher) Stage I

> Stage II (metaDE)

Meta-analysis (Fisher) Stage I +II

(metaDE)

GWES (HP) MSBB GSE48350 Case-control differential expression analysis stratified by APO haplotype (x2 datasets, x2 strata (E2 dropped))

(limma)

Meta-analysis (Fisher)

(metaDE)

 \rangle

RANKED gene list (p value) (x2 haplotypes) HP RRA ranks E3, E4 (RRA adjP)

RANKED gene list

(p value)

(x3 haplotypes)

RNAseq iPSCs

WS2 macrophages WS2 microglia WS4 microglia WS2 neurons Differential expression analysis between APO haplotype (x4 datasets, x10 comparisons)

(limma)

E2 (vs E3) RANKED gene list E4 (vs E3) RANKED gene list (p value) (x4 cell types) Overall ExtInt Ranks E2, E4 (RRA adjP)

Cortex RRA ranks

E2. E3. E4

(RRA adiP

ement No ovation



Integrative analysis



Three stages:

- Stage I (publicly available data)
 - GWAS data (2 stages, 27,841 individuals)
 - GWES blood (1 stage, 734 individuals)
 - GWES cortex (1 stage, 980 individuals)
- Stage II (publicly available data)
 - GWAS data (3 stages, 47,731 individuals)
 - GWES blood (1 stage, 734 individuals)
 - GWES cortex (2 stages, 1,503 individuals)
 - GWES hippocampus (1 stage, 101 individuals)
- Stage III (publicly available data + iPSCs data)
 - Results in accordance with Stage I and Stage II preliminary results
 - 117 genes preselected
 - Refinement ongoing for selecting candidates to be validated in human subjects
- Stage IV (before final 2019)

Collaborations are welcome!!

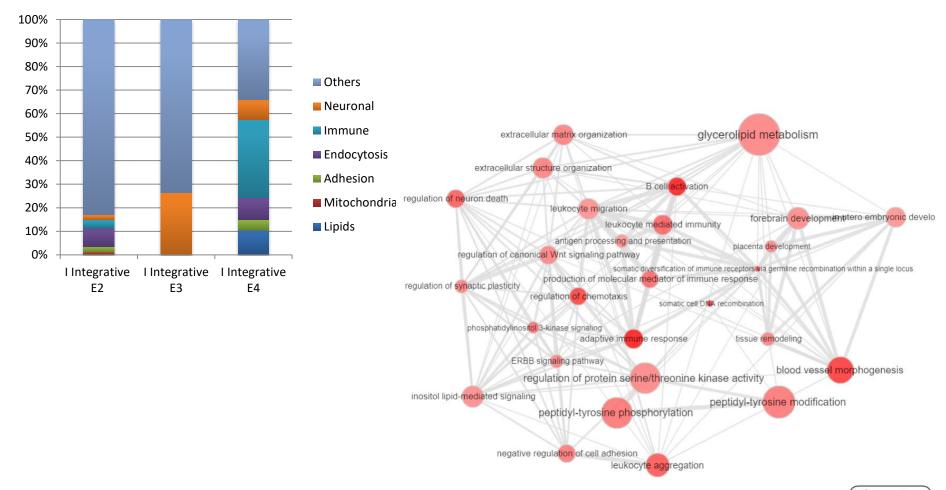






Integrative analysis I: pathways (cortex)







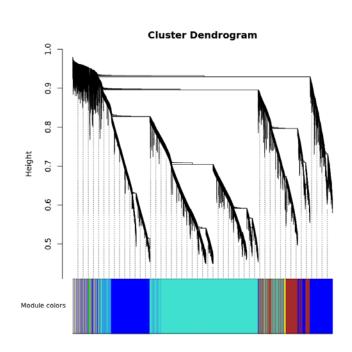


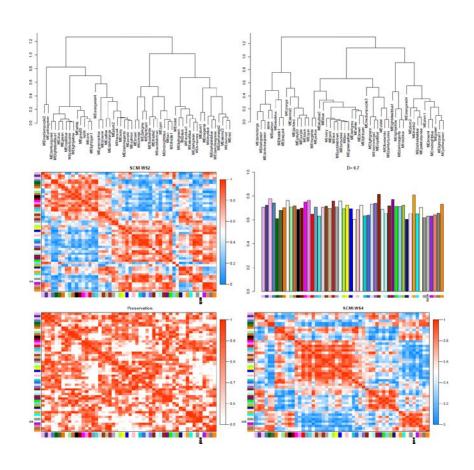


Additional data available



- Sex stratified GWAS analysis
- Co-expression networks:
 - Human cortex data
 - iPSC-derived cell models













Thank you!!!

