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TARGETING TREM2 AND CD33 OF PHAGOCYTES FOR TREATMENT OF ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE

PHAGO – a public private partnership

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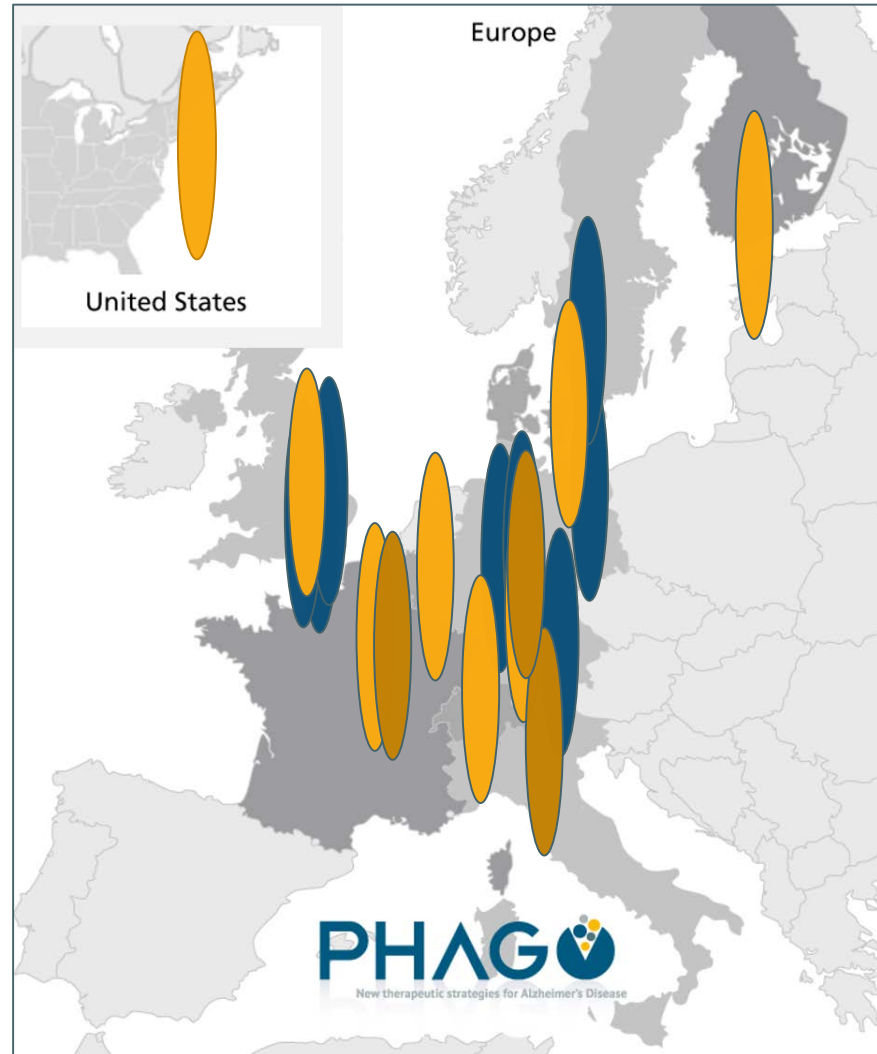
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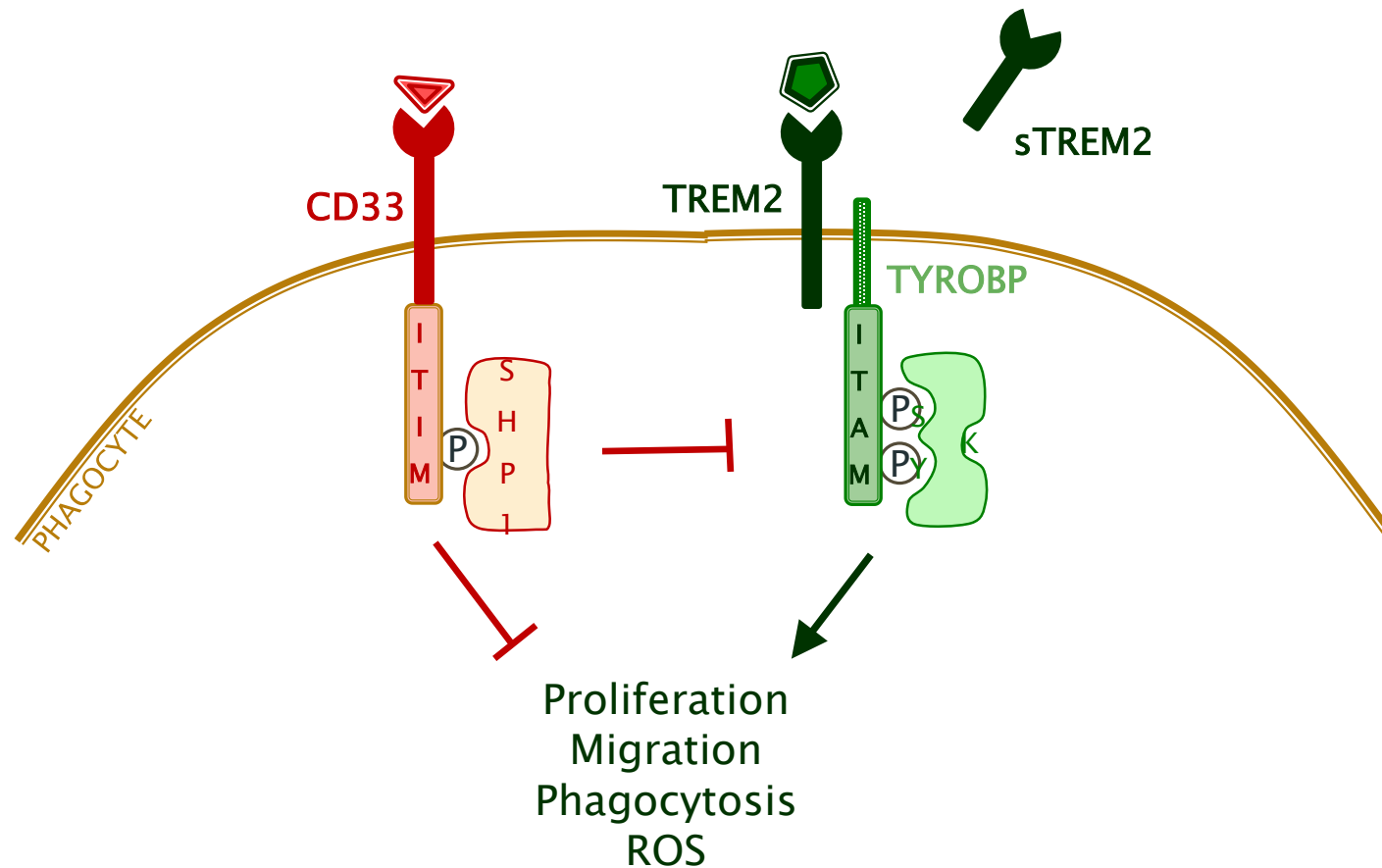
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TREM2 and CD33

-  Sialo-proteins, sialo-lipids
-  Anionic oligo-saccharides, lipids and ApoE



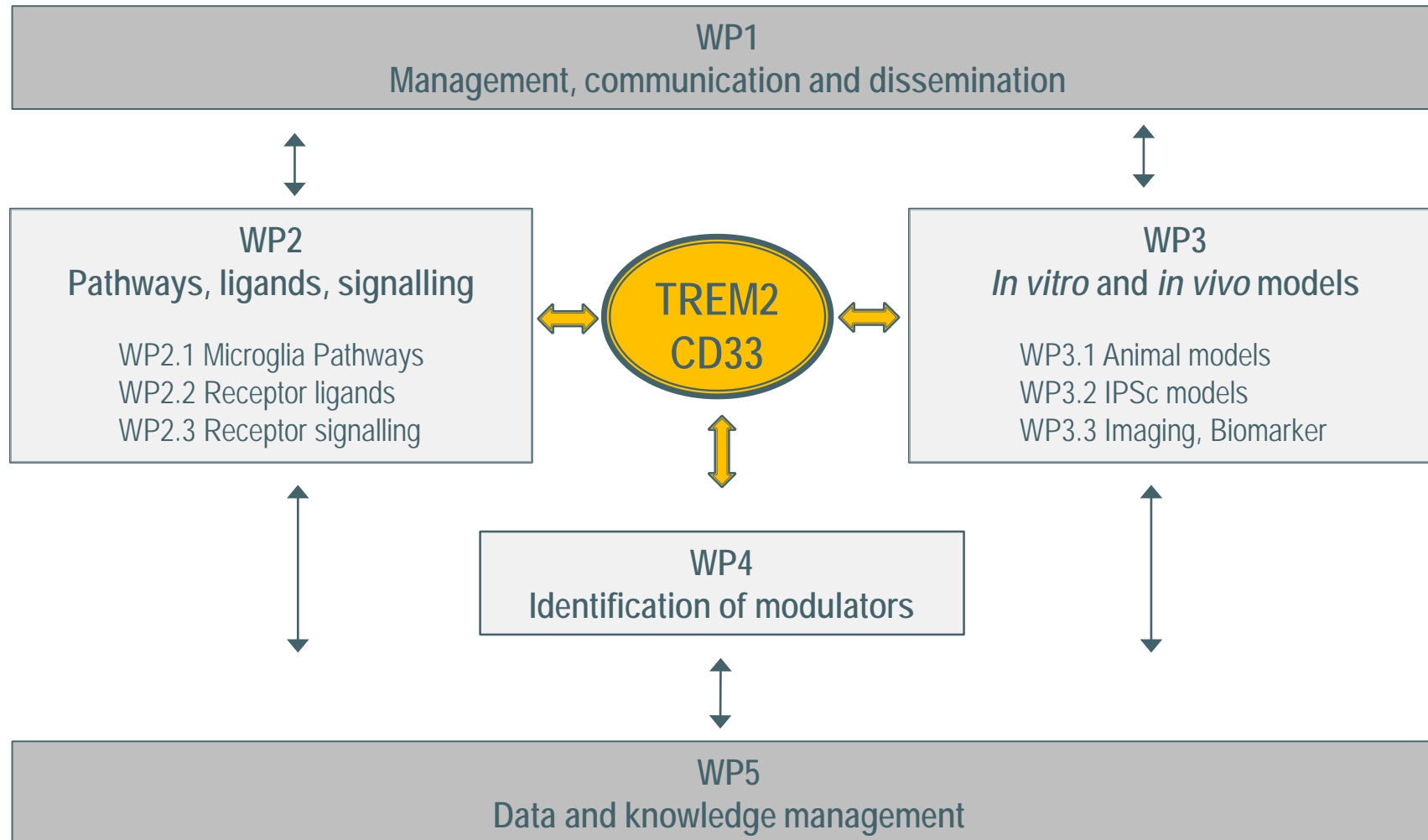
Identify druggable points of interaction in TREM2 and CD33 signalling to modulate phagocytes for treatment of AD

- to generate new knowledge on phagocytosis and neurodegeneration
- to acquire key knowledge on the role of TREM2/CD33 in AD
- to generate innovative tools for investigating TREM2/CD33
- to develop and validate assays targeting TREM2/CD33

Combining the expertise of a multidisciplinary and international consortium:

- Genetics, bioinformatics and systems biology
- Positron emission tomography (PET)–imaging of AD patients
- Microglial biomarkers
- Induced pluripotent stem cell (iPSC) technologies
- Cellular screening assays
- Advanced knowledge database

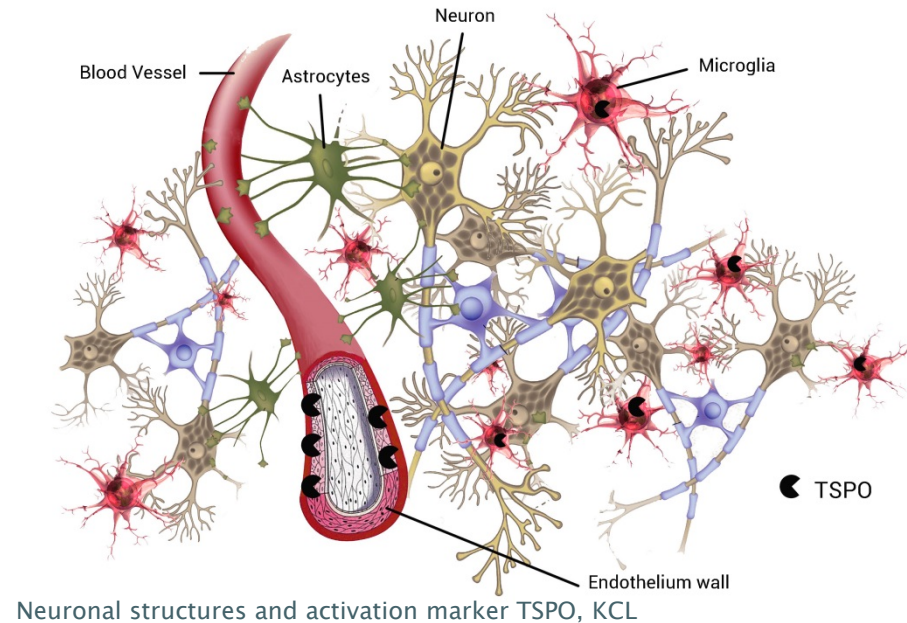
PHAGO Structure



WP2 – Pathways, ligands and signalling

Identification of

- novel AD risk genes within microglial pathways
- downstream genes/pathways with alterations in TREM2 and CD33 expression in disease and model systems
- TREM2 and CD33 ligands to elucidate function and generation of agonists/antagonists as tool compounds

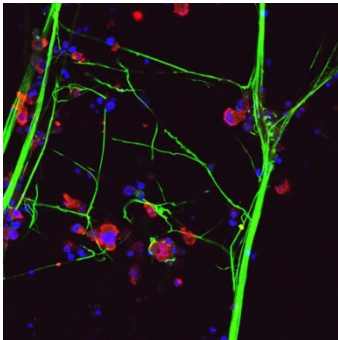


Characterization of TREM2– and CD33 metabolism and signalling

- establishment of assays for TREM2– and CD33 dependent signalling, phagocytic activity and migration
- characterization of signalling pathways and how TREM2– and CD33– dependent signalling interact to regulate microglia/ macrophage function

WP3 –AD models, TREM2 and CD33

In vivo AD mouse models to determine the effect of activating/inhibiting TREM2 and CD33



Macrophages with iPS-derived neurons, UKB

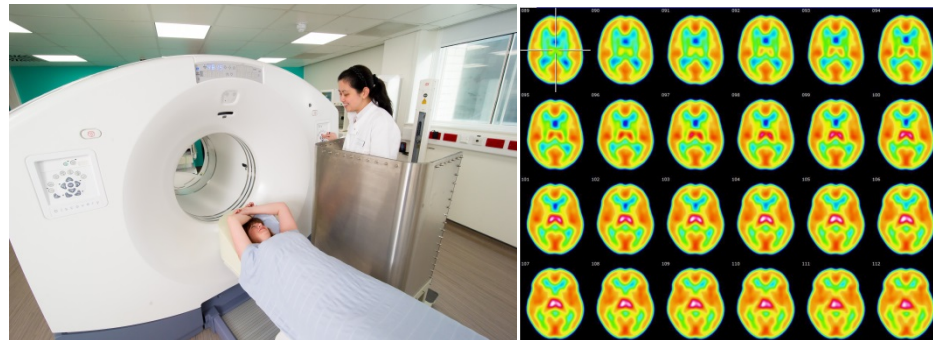
Novel *in vitro* tools:

human iPSC with disease relevant variants of TREM2/CD33

iPSC derived microglia and macrophages for functional studies and drug screening

Imaging in AD patients

- Study microglia activation in patients with/without TREM2 disease risk variants
- Patient CSF analysis for microglial disease biomarkers

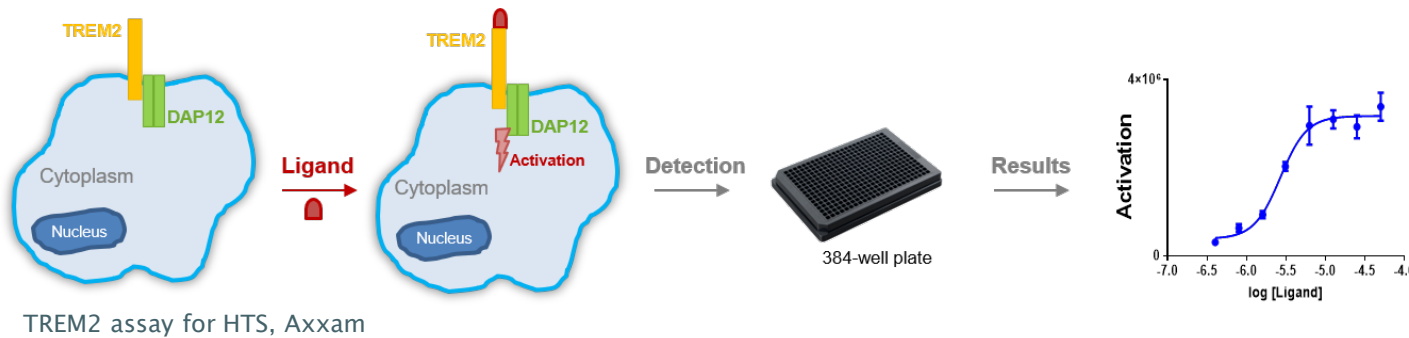


PET Center (left) PET MRI scan (right), KCL

WP4 – Modulators of TREM2 / CD33

Identification of modulators by screening

- Assay development for HTS technology
- Pilot screen for small molecule activators (Trem2) or inhibitors (CD33)



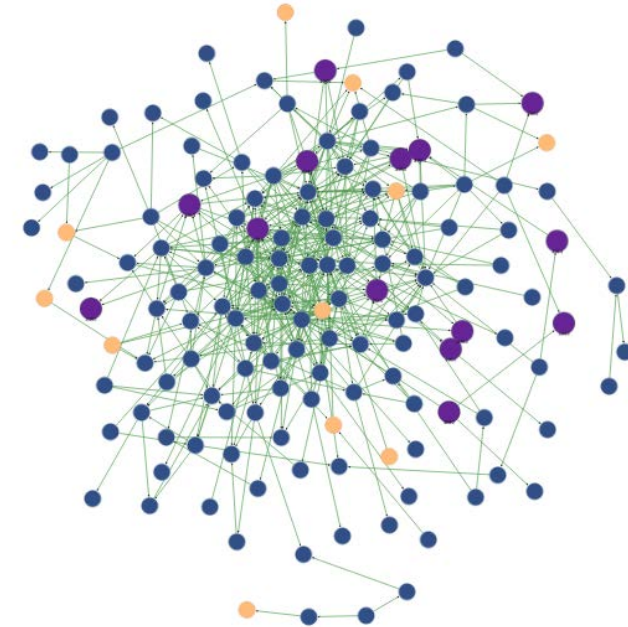
Modelling of interactions

- X-ray structure of CD33 and TREM2 ectodomains
- Modelling of interactions with ligands

WP5 – Data and knowledge management

Establish platform for data and knowledge management and sharing data across the project:

- Ensure interoperability of quality standards
- Ensure storage, visualization and access to data generated across project
- System biology for data validation



Cluster analysis, Fraunhofer

Results

- PHAGO has studied the shedding of TREM2 as well as TREM2 and CD33–signalling pathways of phagocytosis. The identification of the exact cleavage site of TREM2 in its ectodomain at H157 has been revealed.
- PHAGO has generated iPSCs with disease relevant genetic variants of TREM2. The iPSC lines are available at the EBiSC repository (<https://cells.ebisc.org/>).
- PHAGO described the generation of human iPSC derived from microglial like cells from patients with early-onset dementia caused by variants in the immune receptor gene TREM2.
- PHAGO has started to generate TREM2 and CD33 reporter systems and assays to support screening and drug development campaigns.
- The crystal structure of CD33/SIGLEC3 complexed with natural ligands was determined.
- PHAGO established a knowledge platform with –omics data from PHAGO partners enriched with literature data from public resources.
- PHAGO has aligned different public and own resources to get an overarching transcriptome fingerprint of human microglia.
- Transcriptome data of TREM2 KO mice reveals that loss of Trem2 in microglia leads to widespread disruption of cell co-expression networks in mouse brain.

PHAGO list of publications

- **Small Molecule Binding to Alzheimer's Risk Factor CD33 Promotes A β Phagocytosis**
iSCIENCE – Miles et al., 2019
- **"TREM2 triggers microglial density and age-related neuronal loss"**
GLIA – B. Linnartz-Gerlach et al., 2019
- **"Loss of TREM2 function increases amyloid seeding but reduces plaque-associated ApoE"**
Nature Neurosci. – S. Parhizkar et al., 2019
- **"Loss of Function of TREM2 Results in Cytoskeletal Malfunction in Microglia"**
JNNB – A.E. M. Phillips et al., 2018
- **"Effective Knockdown of Gene Expression in Primary Microglia With siRNA and Magnetic Nanoparticles Without Cell Death or Inflammation"**
Front. Cell. Neurosci. – A. Carrillo-Jimenez et al., 2018
- **"The Trem2 R47H Alzheimer's risk variant impairs splicing and reduces Trem2 mRNA and protein in mice but not in humans"**
Mol. Neurodegeneration – X. Xiang et al., 2018
- **"Human Induced Pluripotent Stem Cell-Derived Microglia-Like Cells Harboring TREM2 Missense Mutations Show Specific Deficits in Phagocytosis"**
Cell Reports – P. Garcia-Reitboeck et al., 2018
- **"Loss of Trem2 in microglia leads to widespread disruption of cell co-expression networks in mouse brain"**
Neurobiol. Aging – G. Carbajosa et al., 2018
- **"An Alzheimer associated TREM2 variant occurs at the ADAM cleavage site and affects shedding and phagocytic function"**
EMBO Molecular Medicine – K. Schlepckow et al., 2017
- **"TREM2 shedding by cleavage at the H157-S158 bond is accelerated for the Alzheimer's disease-associated H157Y variant"**
EMBO Molecular Medicine – P. Thornton et al., 2017

External collaborations

(New) collaborations with other AD-related consortia/partners



to improve the transcriptome analysis of samples



to use the tau-seeding mouse models



to increase the outreach and knowledge about ND



to supply iPSCs to the scientific community



to provide basis for WP5 developments



to provide access to biosamples for CFS analysis

AMP-AD

as first collaboration between an IMI project and NIH



www.phago.eu



<https://www.linkedin.com/in/phago-project/>



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